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Pearson Edexcel
International
Advanced Level

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Accounting (Modular Syllabus)

Unit 1: The Accounting System and Costing

Thursday 14 January 2016 – Morning
Time: 3 hours

Paper Reference

WAC01/01

You must have:
Source Booklet

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **five** questions, choosing **two** from Section A and **three** from Section B.
- All calculations must be shown.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- Do not return the insert with the question paper.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 200.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*
- Calculators may be used.
- The source material for use with Questions 1 to 7 is in the enclosed source booklet.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Write your answers neatly and in good English.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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PEARSON

SECTION A

Answer TWO questions from this section.

Indicate which question you are answering by marking a cross . If you change your mind, put a line through the box and then indicate your new question with a cross .

If you answer Question 1 put a cross .

Source material for Question 1, is on pages 2 and 3 of the source booklet.

1 (a) Prepare the:

- (i) Manufacturing Account for the year ended 31 December 2015

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(ii) Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2015

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(iii) Statement of Financial Position at 31 December 2015.

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An overseas supplier has offered to manufacture all the children's clothing for Kiddy Kit at the rate of £5 per item of clothing.

(b) Evaluate whether the owner of Kiddy Kit should accept the offer from the overseas supplier.

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(Total for Question 1 = 52 marks)



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If you answer Question 2 put a cross in the box .

Source material for question 2 is on pages 4 and 5 of the source booklet.

- 2 (a) Calculate for **both** the years ended 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2015 the:
- (i) Gross profit as a percentage of revenue
 - (ii) Rate of inventory turnover
 - (iii) Profit for the year as a percentage of revenue
 - (iv) Return on capital employed.

(24)

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(b) Give **one** possible reason for the change between the years ended 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2015:

(6)

(i) Gross profit as a percentage of revenue

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(ii) Rate of inventory turnover

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(iii) Return on capital employed.

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Between 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2015 the bank balance increased from an overdraft of £70 000 to a positive balance of £55 000.

(c) State **four** reasons for the improvement in the bank balance at 31 December 2015.

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(d) Calculate the current ratios at **both** 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2015.

(6)

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(e) Comment on the size of the current ratio in **each** of the two years.

(4)

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If you answer Question 3 put a cross in the box .

Source material for question 3 is on pages 6 and 7 of the source booklet.

3 (a) (i) Distinguish between **capital expenditure** and **revenue expenditure**.

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(ii) Explain the correct accounting treatment for the restaurant refurbishment.

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(b) Prepare the Statement of Comprehensive Income and Appropriation Account for the year ended 31 December 2015.

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(e) Evaluate trading as a partnership rather than a sole trader.

(8)

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(Total for Question 3 = 52 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 104 MARKS



SECTION B

Answer THREE questions from this section.

If you answer Question 4 put a cross in the box .

Source material for question 4 is on pages 8 and 9 of the source booklet.

- 4 (a)** Prepare the Statement of Financial Position at 1 January 2015 showing the opening capital.

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(b) Calculate for the year ended 31 December 2015 the:

(i) revenue for the year

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(ii) purchases for the year.

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(c) Prepare the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2015.

(13)

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(d) Evaluate Carlos' decision **not** to maintain a full set of books.

(4)

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(Total for Question 4 = 32 marks)



If you answer Question 5 put a cross in the box .

Source material for question 5 is on page 10 of the source booklet.

5 (a) (i) Distinguish between **fixed costs** and **variable costs**. (4)

(ii) Identify for Paco's taxi:

- **one** example of a fixed cost
- **one** example of a variable cost. (2)

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(b) Calculate for the year ended 31 December 2015, the:

- (i) Total cost of operating the taxi (8)
- (ii) Total cost per kilometre of operating the taxi (3)
- (iii) Profit for the year made by Paco. (3)

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(c) Explain how Paco would calculate depreciation using the following methods:

(i) Revaluation (4)

(ii) Reducing balance. (4)

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(d) Evaluate the use of the straight line method to depreciate Paco's taxi.

(4)

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(Total for Question 5 = 32 marks)

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If you answer Question 6 put a cross in the box .

Source material for question 6 is on page 11 of the source booklet.

- 6 (a) Name the accounting concept or convention which has not been complied with in each of (1) to (6) in the source booklet.

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(b) Calculate the revised profit for the year following the correction of (1) to (6) in the source booklet.

(16)

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(c) Evaluate the use of accounting concepts or conventions.

(4)

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(Total for Question 6 = 32 marks)



If you answer Question 7 put a cross in the box .

Source material for question 7 is on page 12 of the source booklet.

- 7 (a) Explain why the correction of some, but not all errors, require the use of a suspense account.

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(b) Prepare the journal entries to correct the errors (1) to (5) in the source booklet.
Narratives are **not** required.

(12)

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(c) Prepare the Statement of Financial Position (Extract) at 31 December 2015
showing the assets of the business after the correction of all errors.

(12)

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(d) Evaluate the preparation of financial statements when there are still errors in the books.

(4)

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(Total for Question 7 = 32 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 96 MARKS
TOTAL FOR PAPER = 200 MARKS



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Pearson Edexcel
International Advanced Level

Accounting (Modular Syllabus)
Unit 1: The Accounting System and Costing

Thursday 14 January 2016 – Morning

Source booklet for use with Questions 1 to 7.

Paper Reference

WAC01/01

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SECTION A

SOURCE MATERIAL FOR USE WITH QUESTION 1

- 1 Kiddy Kit is a manufacturer of children's clothing. The following trial balance was extracted from the books on 31 December 2015:

	Dr £	Cr £
Revenue		700 000
Purchases of raw materials	164 800	
Manufacturing wages	147 000	
Production management salaries	67 000	
Administrative management salaries	96 100	
Inventory at 1 January 2015:		
Raw materials	32 600	
Work in progress	51 500	
Finished goods	17 500	
Direct production expenses	19 000	
Indirect production expenses	16 200	
General expenses	27 400	
Marketing costs	44 500	
Rent and rates	60 000	
Non-current assets (at cost)		
Manufacturing equipment	206 000	
Office fixtures	80 000	
Provisions for depreciation:		
Manufacturing equipment		154 000
Office fixtures		32 000
Trade receivables	72 000	
Trade payables		64 200
Provision for doubtful debts		2 700
Capital		160 000
Drawings	27 800	
Bank		16 500
	<u>1 129 400</u>	<u>1 129 400</u>

Additional information at 31 December 2015

(1) Inventory:

Raw materials	£31 400
Work in progress	£48 700
Finished goods	£15 500

(2) Manufactured goods are transferred from manufacturing to finished goods at an agreed transfer price of £5 per item. During the year ended 31 December 2015 a total of 98 000 items were transferred to finished goods.

(3) Depreciation is charged as follows:

- manufacturing equipment at the rate of 25% per annum reducing balance
- office fixtures at the rate of 15% on costs.

(4) 70% of the rent and rates is apportioned to manufacturing.

(5) General expenses owing £1 100.

(6) The provision for doubtful debts is to be maintained at 5% of trade receivables.

(7) The owner of Kiddy Kit withdrew £1 500 by cheque for his private use on 30 December 2015. No entries had been made in the books.

Required:

(a) Prepare the:

- (i) Manufacturing Account for the year ended 31 December 2015 (16)
- (ii) Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2015 (14)
- (iii) Statement of Financial Position at 31 December 2015. (14)

An overseas supplier has offered to manufacture all the children's clothing for Kiddy Kit at the rate of £5 per item of clothing.

- (b) Evaluate whether the owner of Kiddy Kit should accept the offer from the overseas supplier. (8)

(Total for Question 1 = 52 marks)

Answer space for question 1 is on pages 2 to 8 of the question paper.

SOURCE MATERIAL FOR USE WITH QUESTION 2

- 2 The following summary information relates to the business of Baako for the two years ended 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2015.

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the years ended

	31 December 2014 £	31 December 2015 £
Revenue	300 000	400 000
Cost of sales	<u>(200 000)</u>	<u>(240 000)</u>
Gross profit	100 000	160 000
Wages	(48 000)	(62 000)
Depreciation	(8 000)	(10 000)
Marketing	(2 000)	(42 000)
Loan interest	-	(2 000)
Other expenses	<u>(12 000)</u>	<u>(12 000)</u>
Profit for the year	<u>30 000</u>	<u>32 000</u>

Statement of Financial Positions at

	31 December 2014 £	31 December 2015 £
Assets		
Non-current assets	175 000	204 000
Inventory	15 000	25 000
Trade receivables	110 000	80 000
Bank	-	55 000
	<u>300 000</u>	<u>364 000</u>
Liabilities		
Capital	200 000	200 000
Long term bank loan	-	100 000
Trade payables	30 000	64 000
Bank overdraft	70 000	-
	<u>300 000</u>	<u>364 000</u>

Additional information

(1) Inventory on 1 January 2014, £10 000.

Required:

(a) Calculate for **both** the years ended 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2015 the:

- (i) Gross profit as a percentage of revenue
- (ii) Rate of inventory turnover
- (iii) Profit for the year as a percentage of revenue
- (iv) Return on capital employed.

(24)

(b) Give **one** possible reason for the change between the years ended 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2015:

- (i) Gross profit as a percentage of revenue
- (ii) Rate of inventory turnover
- (iii) Return on capital employed.

(6)

Between 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2015 the bank balance increased from an overdraft of £70 000 to a positive balance of £55 000.

(c) State **four** reasons for the improvement in the bank balance at 31 December 2015.

(4)

(d) Calculate the current ratios at **both** 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2015.

(6)

(e) Comment on the size of the current ratio in **each** of the two years.

(4)

On 1 January 2015 Baako had set new business objectives for the year. These were to:

- Increase revenue
- Increase profitability
- Improve liquidity.

Required:

(f) Evaluate the success of Baako in achieving her new business objectives for the year ending 31 December 2015.

(8)

(Total for Question 2 = 52 marks)

Answer space for question 2 is on pages 9 to 14 of the question paper.

SOURCE MATERIAL FOR USE WITH QUESTION 3

- 3 Taavi and Garcia are partners in a restaurant business. They share profits and losses in the ratio 2:1. Interest is allowed on capital at the rate of 5% per annum and Garcia receives a partnership salary of £7 500. There is no interest charged on drawings. The following information is available for the year ended 31 December 2015:

	£
Wages	7 400
Rent and rates	4 000
Heat and light	3 650
General expenses	4 250
Restaurant refurbishment	8 500
Revenue	70 000
Purchases	22 750
Returns outward	2 100
Inventory 1 January 2015	1 500
Fixtures and equipment (cost)	35 000
Provision for depreciation	
Fixtures and equipment	10 000
Capital: Taavi	40 000
Garcia	30 000
8% Loan Taavi	20 000

Additional information

- (1) Inventory at 31 December 2015, £1 750.
- (2) £5 000 of the restaurant refurbishment was for the purchase of new fixtures and equipment. The remainder was for redecoration of the premises.
- (3) Fixtures and equipment are depreciated at the rate of 15% per annum straight line.
- (4) The 8% loan from Taavi was made to the partnership on 1 July 2015.

Required:

- (a) (i) Distinguish between **capital expenditure** and **revenue expenditure**. (4)
- (ii) Explain the correct accounting treatment for the restaurant refurbishment. (4)
- (b) Prepare the Statement of Comprehensive Income and Appropriation Account for the year ended 31 December 2015. (16)

Before preparing the partnership Statement of Financial Position, Taavi and Garcia check the accuracy of the Purchases Ledger and the Sales Ledger by preparing Control Accounts. The following information is available for the year:

(1) Balances at 1 January 2015

	Dr £	Cr £
Purchases Ledger	150	2 900
Sales Ledger	3 300	-

(2) In the year the following transactions took place:

	£
Purchases on credit	19 500
Cash purchases	3 250
Sales on credit	32 000
Cash sales	38 000
Payments to credit suppliers	15 680
Receipts from credit customers	27 930
Dishonoured cheques from credit customers	580
Discount allowed	630
Discount received	1 320
Returns outwards to credit suppliers	2 100
Refund from credit supplier for overpayment	270
Debit balance on Sales Ledger transferred to the Purchases Ledger	1 400

(3) Balances at 31 December 2015

	Dr £	Cr £
Purchases Ledger	300	2 320
Sales Ledger	5 920	-

Required:

- (c) Explain the accounting term Purchases Ledger. (2)
- (d) Prepare for the year ended 31 December 2015, the:
- (i) Purchases Ledger Control Account
 - (ii) Sales Ledger Control Account. (18)
- (e) Evaluate trading as a partnership rather than a sole trader. (8)

(Total for Question 3 = 52 marks)

Answer space for question 3 is on pages 15 to 20 of the question paper.

SECTION B

SOURCE MATERIAL FOR USE WITH QUESTION 4

- 4 Carlos is a trader buying and selling goods. He does not maintain a full set of double accounting records but has provided the following information at 31 December 2015:

(1) Bank Account

	£		£
Balance b/d	1 700	Cheques to trade payables	42 500
Cheques from trade receivables	45 300	Rent	2 500
Sale of non-current asset	2 500	Refund to trade receivable	900
Commission receivable	2 700	Premises maintenance	7 200
Cash banked from sales	9 000	Advertising	4 800
Balance c/d	3 400	General expenses	6 700
	<u>64 600</u>		<u>64 600</u>
		Balance b/d	3 400

- (2) Balances:

	1 January 2015 £	31 December 2015 £
Non-current assets (at valuation)	20 000	18 000
Trade receivables	15 400	27 900
Trade payables	29 800	21 000
Prepaid rent	500	1 000
Accrued wages	1 200	1 600
Inventory	32 000	25 700

- (3) During the year ending 31 December 2015, Carlos made the following payments in cash before banking the cash from sales:

	£
Drawings	11 000
Wages	8 900
Purchase of non-current asset	4 000
Inventory purchase	5 300

Required:

- (a) Prepare the Statement of Financial Position at 1 January 2015 showing the opening capital. (4)
- (b) Calculate for the year ended 31 December 2015 the:
- (i) revenue for the year (6)
 - (ii) purchases for the year. (5)
- (c) Prepare the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2015. (13)
- (d) Evaluate Carlos' decision **not** to maintain a full set of books. (4)

(Total for Question 4 = 32 marks)

Answer space for question 4 is on pages 21 to 25 of the question paper.

SOURCE MATERIAL FOR USE WITH QUESTION 5

5 Paco drives a taxi which he owns. The following information is available for the year ended 31 December 2015:

- (1) The taxi was purchased on 1 January 2015 at a cost of £30 000. Paco estimates that it will have a life of 5 years and that he will then sell the taxi for £12 000. He will use the straight line method of depreciation.
- (2) To operate the taxi Paco paid a government licence of £700 for the year.
- (3) Insurance was £4 000 for the year.
- (4) Maintenance and servicing was £500 for the year.
- (5) The taxi uses diesel which costs £1.20 per litre. The taxi uses 1 litre of diesel per 10 kilometres.
- (6) During the year Paco drove customers in his taxi for 40 000 kilometres.
- (7) Paco charged customers £0.55 per kilometre.

Required:

- (a) (i) Distinguish between **fixed costs** and **variable costs**. (4)
- (ii) Identify for Paco's taxi:
- **one** example of a fixed cost
 - **one** example of a variable cost. (2)
- (b) Calculate for the year ended 31 December 2015, the:
- (i) Total cost of operating the taxi (8)
- (ii) Total cost per kilometre of operating the taxi (3)
- (iii) Profit for the year made by Paco. (3)
- A friend has advised Paco that he should use another method to depreciate his taxi.
- (c) Explain how Paco would calculate depreciation using the following methods:
- (i) Revaluation (4)
- (ii) Reducing balance. (4)
- (d) Evaluate the use of the straight line method to depreciate Paco's taxi. (4)

(Total for Question 5 = 32 marks)

Answer space for question 5 is on pages 26 to 30 of the question paper.

SOURCE MATERIAL FOR USE WITH QUESTION 6

6 Cade is in business buying and selling goods on credit.

His draft profit for the year ended 31 December 2015 had been calculated at £37 000 before taking the following in to account:

- (1) No adjustment had been made for prepaid expenses, £1 360, and expenses owing, £2 100, at the end of the year.
- (2) In previous years motor vehicles had been depreciated at the rate of 20% per annum using the reducing balance method. At 31 December 2015, motor vehicles had a carry-over (net book value) of £30 000 **before** applying this method. The method of depreciation that had been charged this year was the revaluation method. The motor vehicles had a revaluation of £28 000.
- (3) The provision for doubtful debts balance of £3 800, had not been adjusted. Cade should maintain the provision for doubtful debts at 5% of his £68 000 trade receivables.
- (4) The Statement of Comprehensive Income had been credited with £5 000 representing the increased skills of the staff.
- (5) The closing inventory had been included in the financial statements at selling price of £24 000. Cade uses a 50% mark up on cost.
- (6) Cade had included his drawings of £3 200 as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Required:

- (a) Name the accounting concept or convention which has not been complied with in each of (1) to (6) above. (12)
- (b) Calculate the revised profit for the year following the correction of (1) to (6) above. (16)
- (c) Evaluate the use of accounting concepts or conventions. (4)

(Total for Question 6 = 32 marks)

Answer space for question 6 is on pages 31 to 33 of the question paper.

SOURCE MATERIAL FOR USE WITH QUESTION 7

- 7 The following balances remained in the books of Fabron after he had prepared his Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Balances at 31 December 2015

	Dr £	Cr £
Profit for the year		33 900
Trade receivables	18 900	
Trade payables		9 950
Motor vehicles (at cost)	34 600	
Fixtures and fittings (at cost)	11 500	
Provisions for depreciation:		
Motor vehicles		13 700
Fixtures and fittings		6 800
Inventory	16 000	
Other receivables: Prepaid rent payable	250	
Other payables accrued		1 400
Bank	700	
Capital		20 000
Drawings	3 800	
	<u>85 750</u>	<u>85 750</u>

On further inspection of the books the following errors were found:

- (1) A debtor, Walford Manufacturing, had been declared bankrupt owing Fabron £3 270. The debt is irrecoverable but no entries have been made in the books.
- (2) Bank charges, £76, had been omitted from the books.
- (3) The prepaid rent payable, £250, had been incorrectly calculated, and this should be £600.
- (4) Motor vehicle repairs, £2 500, had been entered into the Motor Vehicle Account. Depreciation had been charged on this sum at the rate of 20% on cost.
- (5) Fabron paid the insurance on his private home using a business cheque, £265. No entries had been made in the books.

Required:

- (a) Explain why the correction of some, but not all errors, require the use of a suspense account. (4)
- (b) Prepare the journal entries to correct the errors (1) to (5) above. Narratives are **not** required. (12)
- (c) Prepare the Statement of Financial Position (Extract) at 31 December 2015 **showing the assets** of the business after the correction of all errors. (12)
- (d) Evaluate the preparation of financial statements when there are still errors in the books. (4)

(Total for Question 7 = 32 marks)

Answer space for question 7 is on pages 34 to 37 of the question paper.